PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

REPORT UPON

INVESTIGATION OF ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANTS IN THE INFLUENT TO THE PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS TREATMENT PLANT

MAY, 1986

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey



KLL093700

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

REPORT UPON

INVESTIGATION OF ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANTS IN THE INFLUENT TO THE PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS TREATMENT PLANT

MAY, 1986

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

KLL003781



REPORT UPON INVESTIGATION OF ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANTS IN THE INFLUENT TO THE PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS TREATMENT PLANT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Descr	ription	Page No.
	List of Tables	ii
	List of Plates	iii
I.	Introduction	1
II.	Sampling Procedures	2
III.	Laboratory Analysis	8
IV.	Results of Analysis	. 8
v.	Evaluation of Organic Loadings	11



REPORT UPON INVESTIGATION OF ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANTS IN THE INFLUENT TO THE PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS TREATMENT PLANT

LIST OF TABLES

Table Number	Description	Page Number
1	List of Organic Compounds Analyzed	9
2	Summary of Laboratory Analysis - Treatment Plant Influent	12
3	Summary of Laboratory Analysis - Second River Sampling Site	. 14
4	Summary of Laboratory Analysis - South Side Interceptor	16
5	Summary of Laboratory Analysis - Brown Street Interceptor	18
6	24-Hour Volatile Organic Analysis - Treatment Plant Influent	23



REPORT UPON INVESTIGATION OF ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANTS IN THE INFLUENT TO THE PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS TREATMENT PLANT

LIST OF PLATES

Plate <u>Number</u>	Description	Following Page No.
A	Sampling Location Map	2
В	Sampling Location Plan (Location No. 1 & 3)	2
C	Sampling Location Plan (Location No. 2)	2
D	Sampling Location Plan (Location No. 4)	2
E-1	Benzene Loading	20
E-2	Carbon Tetrachloride Loading	20
E-3	Chlorobenzene Loading	20
E-4	Chloroform Loading	20
E-5	1,2-Dichloroethane Loading	20
E-6	1,3-Dichloropropylene	20
E-7	Ethylbenzene Loading	20
E-8	Methyl Chloride Loading	20
E-9	Methylene Chloride Loading	20
E-10	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Loading	20
E-11	Toluene Loading	20
E-12	Trichloroethylene Loading	20



LIST OF PLATES

(CONTINUED)

E-13	Chlorophenol Loading	20
E-14	2,4-Dichlorophenol Loading	20
E-15	2,4-Dimethylphenol Loading	20
E-16	4,6-Dinitro-O-Cresol Loading	20
E-17	2,4-Dinitrophenol Loading	20
E-18	2-Nitrophenol Loading	20
E-19	p-Chloro-M-Cresol Loading	20
E-20	Pentachlorophenol Loading	20
E-21	Phenol Loading	20
E-22	Benzo (a) Pyrene Loading	20
E-23	Benzo (k) Fluoranthene Loading	20
E-24	Butylbenzyl Phthalate Loading	20
E-25	Diethyl Phthalate Loading	20
E-26	Dimethyl Phthalate Loading	20
E-27	Di-N-Butyl Phthalate Loading	20
E-28	2,4-Dinitrotoluene Loading	20
E-29	2,6,-Dinitrotoluene Loading	20
E-30	Hexachloroethane Loading	20
E-31	Isophorone Loading	20
E-32	Naphthalene Loading	20
E-33	Nitrobenzene Loading	20
F	24- Hour Toluene Loading	23



I. INTRODUCTION

An investigation was undertaken to determine the presence of organic priority pollutants in the influent to the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commissioners (PVSC) Treatment Plant located in Newark, New Jersey. The investigation was initiated in November, 1984 and completed in January, 1986 and included the sampling of the influent to the Commissioner's treatment plant over a fourteen month period. The investigation further included the sampling of sewage flow in the principal trunk sewer and two main interceptors tributary to the Commissioner's plant. The sampling of the tributary trunk sewer and interceptors was for a shorter period and varied depending upon the location. A description of the specific sampling locations and the methodologies utilized to obtain representative samples is discussed in other sections of this report.

All samples obtained were returned to the laboratory for analysis to determine the concentration of organic priority pollutants. The results of the laboratory analyses were related to the sewage flow occurring at the time of sampling and a determination made of the loading (as pounds per day). The results of this evaluation are summarized in this report including graphical representations. The intention of the study was to determine if organic priority pollutants occur within the influent



to the Commissioner's treatment plant in any statistically relevant amounts or frequency. The results of the investigations are evaluated and summarized including copies of laboratory analysis reports as a separate Appendix volume.

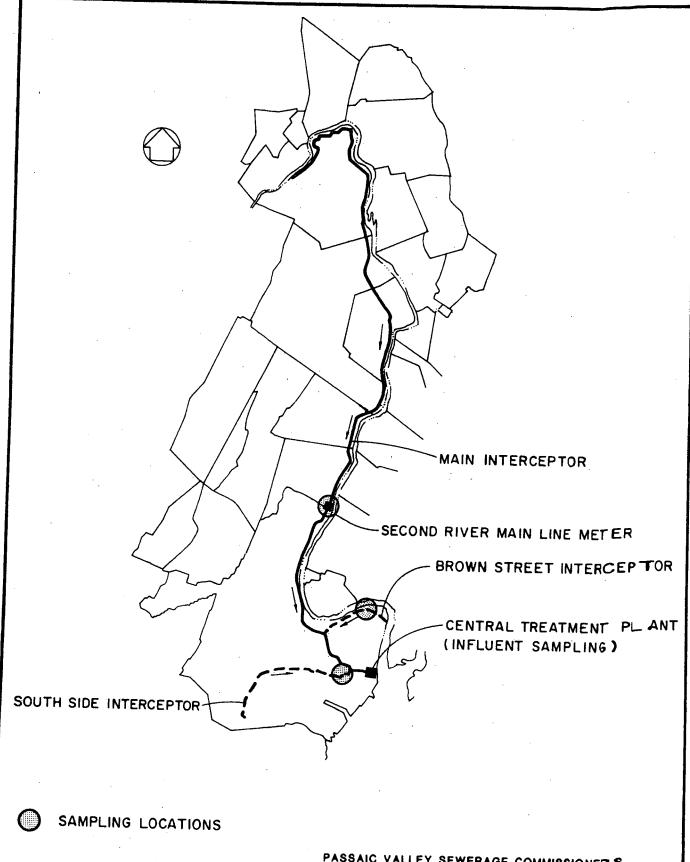
II. SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Sampling of the influent to the Commissioners' treatment plant, as well as key locations in the trunk and interceptor sewers tributary to the plant, was accomplished in accordance with USEPA Guidelines for the sampling of waste streams for organic priority pollutants. The individual sampling techniques and equipment utilized at each sampling location are discussed hereafter, as well as the procedures utilized to obtain representative samples, preservation of the samples and transportation of the samples.

Four locations were selected for sampling at various times during the investigation. The general relationship of each sampling location to the Commissioners treatment plant and trunk sewer system are shown on Plate "A". The sampling locations are shown on plates "B, C and D" for each of the following:

SAMPLING LOCATION

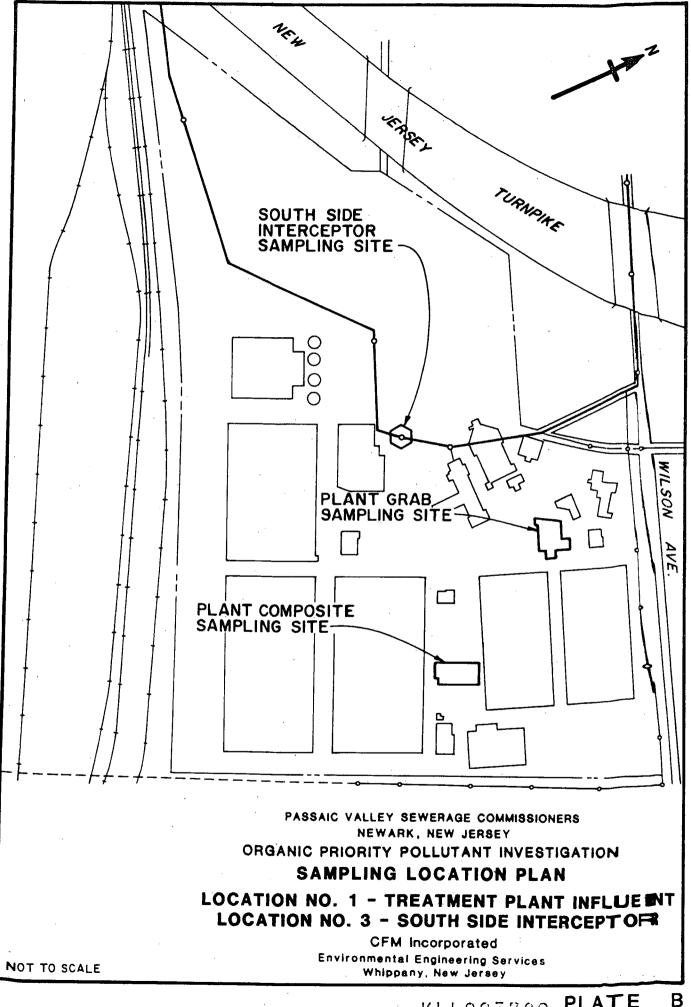
- 1. The influent trunk sewer at the Commissioner's treatment plant in Newark, including all flow to the plant.
- 2. The main trunk sewer at the convergence chamber located in Belleville just downstream of the Second River main line meter, including about 50 percent of the flow to the plant.

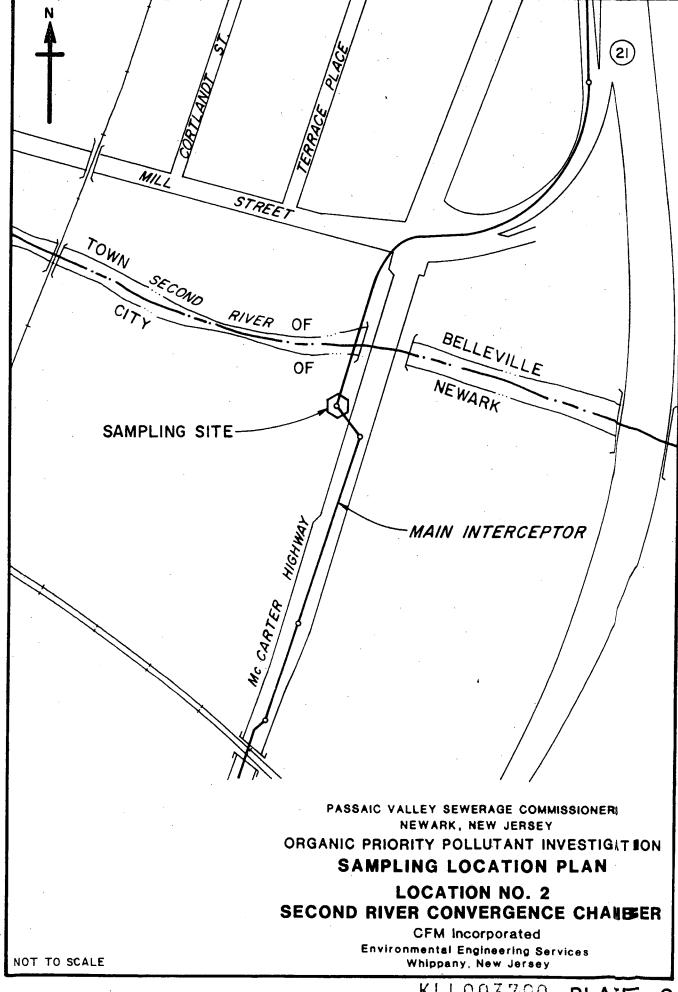


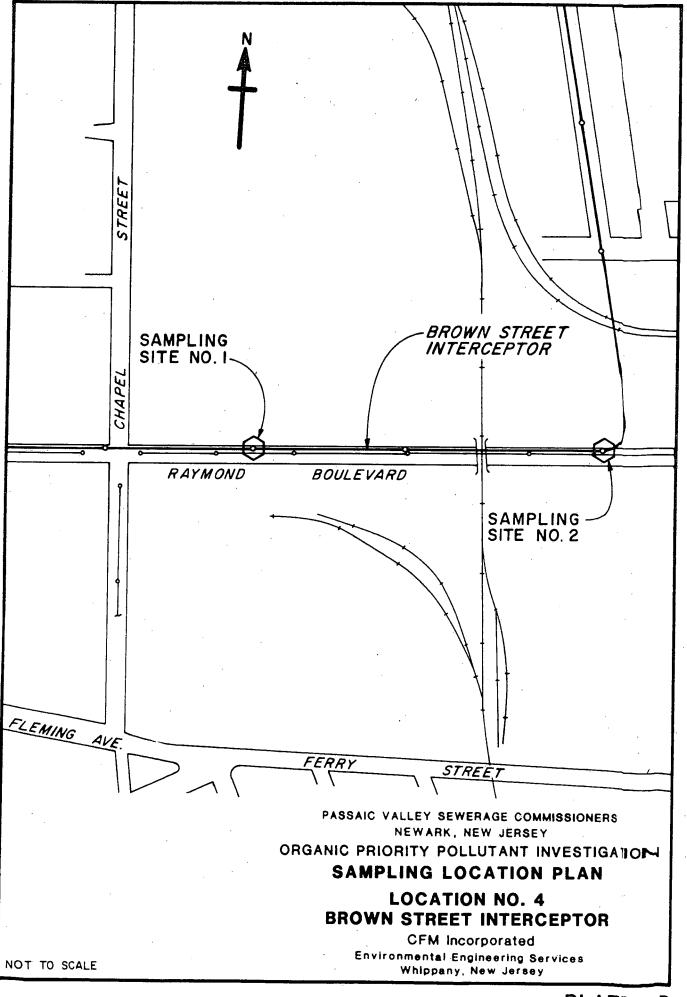
PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY
ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIG AT # ON

SAMPLING LOCATION MAP

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey









- 3. The South Side interceptor sewer at its connection to the main trunk sewer at the Commissioner's treatment plant in Newark, including about 12 percent of the flow to the plant.
- 4. The Brown Street interceptor sewer located in Newark, including less than 1 percent of the flow to the plant, but from a heavily industrialized area.

Sampling of each location occurred at various times during the investigation and in such a manner as to evaluate if a trend of organic priority pollutant concentrations in the waste streams The sampling of all sites occurred concurrently such that representative samples were obtained at upstream locations (No. 2, 3, and 4) at adjusted times to reflect sewage flow to the treatment plant. All adjustments were predetermined to reflect estimated average sewage flow. The project description required that a minimum of twelve 24-hour composite samples be obtained on weetdays during each month of the investigation at each sampling site. Additionally the project required three 24-hour composite samples to be obtained per month on weekends, for a total of fifteen samples per month. The project description further required that no more than five samples be obtained during any consecutive sever day period nor that samples be retrieved on days of (and the day after) rainfall events that exceed one-inch of rainfall at Newark Airport .



In order to meet these requirements a master schedule was developed and adjusted periodically during the investigation based upon actual rainfall as it occurred. For the most part it was possible to obtain samples on the days indicated by the master schedule with minor adjustments for significant rainfalls. In all months of the investigation (with the exception of November, 1985) the full fifteen samples were obtained at the locations being sampled. During the month of November 1985 a combination of excessive rainfalls and holidays prevented the full 15 samples from being obtained. The schedule was adjusted and additional samples obtained in December 1985 and January 1986 to account for the November deficit. The frequency of sampling at each location was as follows:

LOCATION 1 - The Influent to the Commissioner's Treatment Plant

Sampling of the influent sewer to the treatment plant was initiated during mid November, 1984 and progressed continuously through mid January, 1986 for a period of about fourteen months. The sampling effort obtained at least fifteen samples of the influent to the treatment plant over each monthly period, (in accordance with the project description) for a total of 217 samples. This sampling location produced the largest data base.

LOCATION 2 - Second River Meter Chamber

This sampling location was along the main trunk semer tributary to the treatment plant and was selected to identify the loading of organic priority pollutants tributary from the



industrial areas upstream of the City of Newark. The location of sampling was just downstream of the metering facilities and was initiated during July, 1985 and maintained continuously through the completion of the project in January, 1986, for a total of 96 samples. The adjustment in sampling at this location required initiation of sampling approximatley 2 hours before Location 1, (the main treatment plant site) to account for average sewage flow.

LOCATION 3 - South Side Interceptor

section of the City of Newark including significant industrial areas. Sampling of the interceptor was intended to identify the loading of organic priority pollutants tributary from the Southwest area of the City of Newark. This sampling effort was undertaken in a manhole just upstream of the connection to the main trunk sewer and was initiated during October, 1985 and maintained through the completion of the project in January, 1986 for a total of 45 samples. The adjustment in sampling at this location required initiation of sampling approximately 15 minutes before Location 1, the main treatment plant site.

LOCATION 4 - Brown Street Interceptor

The sampling of this interceptor occurred at two locations along the Brown Street Interceptor downstream of all significant industrial connections from the Southeast industrial area of the City of Newark. The two sampling locations were necessitated by construction activity underway in the interceptor



sewer during the investigation. Sampling of the interceptor was initiated during October, 1985 and maintained through the completion of the project in January, 1986 for a total of 45 samples. The adjustment in sampling at this location required initiation of sampling approximately 45 minutes <u>before</u> Location 1, the main treatment plant location.

The total number of samples obtained, including all four sites was 403. All samples were obtained as 24-hour composite samples utilizing specially designed toxic sampling equipment. Grab sampling was utilized to obtain representative samples for analysis of volatile fraction compounds. The 24-hour composite sampling equipment was manufactured by the Manning Technologies Corporation and included an S-5000T composite refrigerated toxic sampler for Location 1. This unit was located in the sampling room of the Commissioner's treatment plant. Samples of the waste were obtained from adjacent sampling troughs where pumps obtained a representative continuous flow from the main trunk sewer following the headworks and main pumping station. Volatile fraction grainsampling was accomplished in the trunk sewer following the headworks but prior to the main pumping station.

At the three remaining locations sampling was undertaken utilizing Manning Technologies Corporation portable S-4040 T toxic samplers to obtain 24-hour composite samples. Volatile fraction compound sampling was undertaken by obtaining grab samples at each location. All grab sampling was accomplished utilizing a stainess



steel Bomb Sampler and occurred at various times, on sampling days during the project to account for loading variability.

Additionally, a full 24-hour effort was made to determine the actual variability of Volatile compounds in the plant influent. For this effort a total of 12 grab samples were obtained (one every two hours over 24 hours) and analyized for all compounds in the volatile fraction. The results of this effort showed much variability and is discussed in greater detail in a separate section of this report.

The composite samplers included twenty-four discrete glass sample containers, as well as a vacuum pump sampling mechanism that utilized teflon coated or glass materials. The samplers obtained twenty-four discrete samples over a typical 24-hour period with sampling frequency initiated every thirty minutes, including two representative discrete samples obtained every hour. The discrete samples obtained were composited into a single representative sample and transported to the laboratory for analysis. The sampler at the Commissioner's treatment plant included a refrigerated sample compartment, which maintained samples at 4 C. The temporary sampling equipment was suspended within the manholes and maintained samples at ambient background temperatures. All samples obtained following compositing were returned in insulated iced containers to the laboratory for analysis.



III. LABORATORY ANALYSIS

All samples obtained during the investigation were returned to the laboratory for subsequent analysis. Laboratory analysis for the project was performed jointly by AEL Laboratories and by CFM Incorporated Organic Laboratory. The analysis procedures utilized generally conform to United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) 600 Series Methods for Gas Chromatography. The analysis was performed utilizing several makes of Gas Chromatographs including a Varian Model 3400, a Perkin-Elmer Sigma 300 and a Hewlett Packard Model 5830. Several of the GC's were combined with Tekmar LSC-2 Liquid sample concentrator/purge and trap. Extraction procedures were in accordance with USEPA Methodology utilizing liquid/liquid extraction methods. A copy of the Quality Assurance/Quality Control procedures utilized by CFM Organic laboratory in the analysis of organic compounds is included in Appendix "A" of this report.

Table "1" identifies the organic compounds that were analyzed as part of this investigation, including the detection limits that were observed based upon the USEPA Methodologies performed.

IV. RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

The results of all laboratory analyses performed on samples

Obtained during this investigation for the treatment plant influen to are included in Appendix "B" of this report. The individual

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION LIST OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS ANALYZED

VOLATILE ORGANICS Acrolein Acrylonitrile Benzene Bis (Chloromethyl) Ether Bromoform Carbon Tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chlorodibromomethane Chloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether Chloroform Dichlorobromomethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropylene Ethylbenzene Methyl Bromide Methyl Chloride Methyl Chloride 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Toluene 1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene Toluene 1,2-Trichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Trichloroethylene Trichloroethylene Trichlorofluoromethane Vinyl Chloride ACID COMPOUNDS Chlorophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 4,6-Dinitro-D-Cresol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 4-Nitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol P-Chloro-M-Cresol Pentachlorophenol	detection limit (ug/1)		detection limit (ug/l)
VOLATILE ORGANICS		BASE NEUTRALS	TIME (AB)I)
Acrolein	1.0	Acenaphthene	10.0
Acrylonitrile	1.0	Acenaphthylene	10.0
Benzene	1.0	Anthracene	10.0
Bis (Chloromethyl) Ether	1.0	Benzidine	44.0
Bromoform	1.0	Benzo (a) Anthracene	รีดี ด
Carbon Tetrachloride	1.0	Benzo (a) Pyrene	10.0
Chlorobenzene	1.0	3.4-Benzofluorenthene	10.0
Chlorodibromomethane	1.0	Benzo (g.h.i) Pervlene	10.0
Chloroethane	1.0	Benzo (k) Fluoranthene	10.0
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	1.0	Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methans	10.0
Chloroform	1.0	Bis (2-Chloroethy)) Ether	10.0
Dichlorobromomethane	1.0	Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ethe	× 10.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	2.0	Big(2-Ethylheyyl)Phthalate	10.0
1, 1-Dichloroethane	1.0	4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	10.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	Butvlbenzyl Phthalate	10.0
1,1-Dichloroethylene	1.0	2-Chloronaphthalene	10.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ethe	10.0
1,3-Dichloropropylene	1.0	Chrysene	10.0
Ethylbenzene	1.0	Dibenzo (a.h) Anthrecene	10.0
Methyl Bromide	2. 0	1.2-Dichlorobenzene	10.0
Methyl Chloride	ī. ō	1.3-Dichlorobenzene	1.0
Methylene Chloride	1.0	1.4-Dichlorobenzene	1.0
$\frac{1}{2}$, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane	ī. ā	3.3'-Dichlorobenzidine	16.5
Tetrachloroethylene	1.0	Diethyl Phthelete	10.0
Toluene	1.0	Dimethyl Phthalata	10.0
1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene	1.0	Di-N-Butyl Phthalate	10.0
1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane	1.0	2. 4-Dinitrotoluene	10.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	2.6-Dinitrotoluene	10.0
Trichloroethylene	1.0	Di-N-Octvl Phthalate	10.0
Trichlorofluoromethane	1.0	1.2-Diphenylhydrazine	10.0
Vinyl Chloride	1.0	Fluoranthene	10.0
1075		Fluorene	10.0
ACID COMPOUNDS		Hexachlorobenzene	10.0
Chlorophenol	10.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	10.0
2,4-Dichlorophenol	10.0	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	1.0
2, 4-Dimethylphenol	10.0	Hexachloroethane	10.0
4, 5-Dinitro-O-Cresol	10.0	Indeno (1.2.3-cd) Pyrene	10.0
2, 4-pinitrophenol	10.0	Isophorone	10.0
2-Nitrophenol	10.0	Naphthalene	10.0
4-witrobuenoi	10.0	Nitrobenzene	10.0
P-Cnioro-n-Cresol	10.0	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	10.0
rentachiorophenol	10.0	N-Nitrosodi-N-Propylamine	10.0
Luenot	10.0	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	10.0
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	10.0	Phenanthrene	10.0
PECTICINEC		Pyrene	10. ō
VIUPU-BRC		1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene	10.0
Ret a-DUC	0.01		. –
Delia-puc	0.01		
Alpha-Cadamite-	0. 01	•	
Ret n-Endosulian	Ø. Ø1	•	
Endogulfon Colfeta	0.01		
Endata Aldabada	0.01		
PESTICIDES Alpha-BHC Beta-BHC Delta-BHC Alpha-Endosulfan Beta-Endosulfan Endosulfan Sulfate Endrin Aldehyde	0.01		

reports identify the concentration of all organic compounds that were detected above the methodology detection limits as well as all non-detected compounds. This information has been evaluated on the basis of sewage flow occurring during the time of sampling in order to arrive at a loading of each organic compound (in terms of pounds per day) at each sampling location. Appendix "C" (Location 2 - Second River sampling site), Appendix "D" (Location 3 - Southside Interceptor), and Appendix "E" (Location 4 - Brown Street Interceptor) have also been included for the individual reports and are arranged in the same manner as the treatment plant influent reports.

Summary Tables for the Treatment Plant Influent have been prepared for each week of the investigation and are included in Appendix "F" of this report. The Tables identify sewage flow occurring to the treatment plant on each day of sampling as well as the concentration (in micrograms per liter) of each compound detected and the associated loading in terms of pounds per day. Additionally, the weekly average loading is shown utilizing only those days when each compound was detected and the total pounds per week for each compound, again utilizing only those days when compounds were detected.

The results of the analysis are shown by methodology utilized as either Volatile Organic Compounds, Acid Extractable Compounds, Base Neutral Extractable Compounds or Pesticides. Similar Summary Tables have been prepared for the additional three sampling



locations and are included in the following Appendixes: Appendix "G" (Location 2 -Second River Sampling Site); Appendix "H" (Location 3 -Southside Interceptor); and Appendix "I" (Location 4 - Brown Street Interceptor). These Summary Tables are arranged in the same manner as the Treatment Plant Influent Summary Tables.

V. EVALUATION OF ORGANIC LOADINGS

All information obtained in this investigation was evaluated to establish if any significant trends exist in the loading of organic priority pollutants to the Commissioners Treatment Plant or at the additional sampling locations within the collection system tributory to the plant. Table "2" has been prepared to show all organic compounds for which analysis was performed for the influent to the Commissioners Treatment Plant. The Table summarizes the number of samples and percent of total samples of all detected compounds as well as the average daily loading in pounds per day and the minimum and maximum daily loadings (in pounds per day) of all detected compounds. Table "3" (Second River Sampling Site), Table "4" (Southside Interceptor) and Table "5" (Brown Street Interceptor)have been prepared for the additional three sampling locations. The Tables are arranged in the same manner as the Treatment Plant Influent Table.

A direct comparison, by the summation of the average loadings at Locations 2, 3, and 4, with the average loading at the treatment plant does not seem feasible. The reasons for this are not clear,

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT (NOVEMBER 1984 - JANUARY 1986)

	DETECTED NUMBER OF SAMPLES	COMPOUNDS PERCENT OF TOTAL SAMPLES	AVERAGE Daily Loading (1bs./day)	MINIMUM DAILY LOADING (lbs./day)	MAXIMUM DAILY LOADING (1bs./da
VOLATILE ORGANICS Acrolein Acrylonitrile Benzene Bis (Chloromethyl) Ether Bromoform Carbon Tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chlorodibromomethane Chloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether Chloroform Dichlorobromomethane Dichlorobromomethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethylene 1,2-Dichloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropylene Ethylbenzene Methyl Bromide Methyl Chloride Methylene Chloride 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene Toluene 1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Trichlorofluoromethane Trichlorofluoromethane Trichlorofluoromethane Vinyl Chloride	23 27 168 0 24 72 158 17 37 37 37 37 31 185 47 33 183 148 208 103 170 186 234	10.4 77.4 0.1 13.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 10.1 12.3 12.1 13.1 12.1 13.1 13.1 13.1 13	6.2 17.6 17.6 10.9 10.17 185.2 19.17 198.8 239.6 17.5 198.8 239.9 114.5 2458.3 214.5 2458.3 254.9 443.9 443.9 443.9 443.9 102.7 87.6 158.6 242.0	17D 111.11.13.133.2.1133.2.11	41.1 104.7 413.4 ND 45.0 917.2 6504.6 245.1 429.3 1798.9 154.5 53.6 1430.7 3528.1 1261.3 1585.1 8929.6 1585.1 8929.3 1783.0 4538.4 5695.7 723.9 9857.7 22.2 2030.8 8.1 3744.0 640.4
ACID COMPOUNDS Chlorophenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 4,6-Dinitro-O-Cresol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 2-Nitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol P-Chloro-M-Cresol Pentschlorophenol Phenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	19 26 26 22 18 21 1 14 20 173 34	8.8 12.0 12.0 10.1 8.3 9.7 0.5 6.5 9.2 79.7	212. 9 253. 5 210. 0 252. 6 1799. 7 233. 9 103. 6 788. 3 425. 0 630. 3 173. 6	16. 9 17. 5 21. 2 16. 2 68. 7 16. 4 103. 6 16. 6 16. 5	202.6 1186.9 1537.9 1728.4 1790.4 8301.7 163.6 8278.8 2443.7 8511.8 822.3
BASE NEUTRALS Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benzidine Benzo (a) Anthracene Benzo (a) Pyrene 3,4-Benzofluoranthene Benzo (g,h,i) Perylene Benzo (k) Fluoranthene Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane Bis (2-Chloroethyl) Ether Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	6 2 6 0 13 14 14 3 9 1 7 3	2.89 2.80 0.00 6.55 1.55 1.4 4.1 0.53.2	24.9 37.7 60.5 ND ND 342.8 17.5 41.2 490.1 30.5 77.0 16.6 198.5	10. 1 19. 0 20. 5 ND ND 17. 1 17. 5 16. 6 17. 1 17. 0 10. 1 16. 6 15. 4	51. 4 56. 4 122. 4 ND ND 879. 9 17. 5 112. 2 1 668. 4 56. 5 239. 2 16. 6 802. 5 18. 1

KLL003801

TABLE 2 (CONTINUED)

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT (NOVEMBER 1984 - JANUARY 1986)

	DETECTED NUMBER OF SAMPLES	COMPOUNDS PERCENT OF TOTAL SAMPLES	AVERAGE DAILY LOADING (lbs./day)	HINIHUM DAILY LOADING (1bs./day)	MAXIMUM DAILY LOADING (1bs./day)
BASE NEUTRALS Butylbenzyl Phthalate 2-Chloronaphthalene 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether Chrysene Dibenzo (a,h) Anthracene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine Diethyl Phthalate Dimethyl Phthalate Dimethyl Phthalate 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene Di-N-Octyl Phthalate 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine Fluoranthene Fluorene Hexachlorobenzene Hexachlorobenzene Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Hexachloroethane Indeno (1,2,3-cd) Pyrene Isophorone Naphthalene Nitrobenzene N-Nitrosodimethylamine N-Nitrosodiphenylamine Phenanthrene Pyrene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	20 8 4 6 27 8 10 11 18 9 8 1 2 12 13 14 0 16 0 18 3 13 0 19 13 0 13 0 13 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9.7889477081371759348040367090010 12.0.10 12.0.10 12.0.10 14.00.00 14.00.00 16.00	177.7 24.3 20.3 20.5 76.8 34.1 129.ND 208.0 327.8 698.9 214.0 496.2 142.5 146.5 146.5 146.5 146.5 146.5 146.8 ND 238.6 ND 292.8 164.8 ND 292.8 164.8 202.1 ND 21.8 202.7 9.5	5.7 4.8 17.0 17.5 61.2 15.0 15.0 17.9 67.9 6.3 16.4 21.5 17.1 21.5 17.0 17.0 17.4 17.0 17.4 17.0 17.4 11.5 11.5 11.5 11.5 11.5 11.5 11.5 11	516.8 55.1 28.7 33.7 91.4 246.8 107.1 304.2 ND 688.1 634.0 1399.0 142.5 275.8 1623.9 161.7 ND 894.2 911.9 3096.1 1115.7 ND 87.6 372.6
PESTICIDES Alpha-BHC Beta-BHC Delta-BHC Alpha-Endosulfan Beta-Endosulfan Endosulfan Sulfate Endrin Aldehyde	7 3 3 5 6 7 3	3. 2 1. 4 1. 4 2. 3 2. 8 3. 2	0.12 0.13 0.68 0.94 0.11 5.75	0.07 0.04 0.15 0.16 0.01 0.14 0.02	0.15 0.26 1.72 2.14 0.43 25.14 12.90

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION SECOND RIVER SAMPLING SITE (JULY 1985 - JANUARY 1986)

	DETECTED (NUMBER OF SAMPLES	COMPOUNDS PERCENT OF TOTAL SAMPLES	AVERAGE DAILY LOADING (lbs./day)	MININUM DAILY LOADING (1bs./day)	MAXIMUM DAILY LOADING (1bs./day)
VOLATILE ORGANICS Acrolein Acrylonitrile Benzene Bis (Chloromethyl) Ether Bromoform Carbon Tetrachloride Chlorodenzene Chlorodibromomethane Chloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether Chloroform Dichlorobromomethane Dichlorodifluoromethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethylene 1,2-Dichloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropylene Ethylbenzene Methyl Bromide Methyl Chloride 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene 1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene 1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Trichloroethylene Trichloroethylene Trichloroethylene Trichloroethylene Trichloroethylene Trichlorofluoromethane Vinyl Chloride	28 24 31 21 21 21 22 23 28 43 22 24 28 57 29 68 59 60 20 35	29. 0 21. 0 21. 3 21. 3 612. 3 612. 3 613. 6 613. 6 614. 6 62. 7 62. 8 63. 8 64. 8 65. 8 66. 8 67. 8 68. 8 68. 8 69.	3.0 9.1 11.3 15.7 227.4 36.4 123.2 83.2 134.7 104.6 56.0 124.3 135.3 83.8 246.0 79.3 396.0 225.7 105.4 177.8 36.1 24.2 32.1 99.5	0.15.01.000.005000001.000002000000000000	27. 2 53. 7 55. 2 15. 7 4134. 4 191. 8 1417. 2 2145. 2 553. 1 679. 7 2488. 9 177. 2 777. 7 2813. 4 1525. 8 3709. 3 423. 3 1602. 3 997. 6 3641. 5 907. 8 613. 9 12. 8 137. 2 2461. 0
ACID COMPOUNDS Chlorophenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 4,6-Dinitro-U-Cresol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 2-Nitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol P-Chloro-M-Cresol Pentschlorophenol Phenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	27 26 24 16 13 19 4 17 20 66 23	28.1 27.1 25.0 16.7 13.5 19.8 4.2 17.7 20.8 68.8 24.0	86.8 87.8 190.2 467.7 2342.8 110.7 42.3 279.0 205.0 883.3 112.3	3.3 8.0 10.7 13.4 12.8 8.0 9.0 1.6 20.7 7.1	1020.9 257.6 1420.2 2881.5 3345.5 503.1 -115.8 1353.0 1242.4 13296.3 526.6
BASE NEUTRALS Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benzidine Benzo (a) Anthracene Benzo (a) Pyrene 3,4-Benzofluoranthene Benzo (g,h,i) Perylene Benzo (k) Fluoranthene Bis (2-Chloroethoxy) Methane Bis (2-Chloroethyl) Ether Bis (2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether Bis (2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	10 9 7 0 3 12 1 4 10 3 7 12 3	10.4 9.4 7.3 0.0 3.1 12.5 1.0 4.2 10.4 3.1 7.3 1.0 12.5 3.1	29. 4 30. 3 36. 3 ND 183. 2 74. 4 14. 0 10. 9 75. 8 7. 8 51. 2 8. 1 81. 2 19. 2	0.8 5.7 5.8 ND 95.0 7.6 14.0 7.8 14.3 7.6 8.0 8.1 4.1 8.0	194. 4 80. 4 115. 5 ND 229. 7 168. 7 14. 0 13. 3 139. 9 8. 0 111. 9 8. 1 252. 1 41. 6

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION SECOND RIVER SAMPLING SITE (JULY 1985 - JANUARY 1986)

		•			
	DETECTED	COMPOUNDS	AVERAGE	HINIHUH	MAXIMUM
	NUMBER	PERCENT	DAILY	DAILY	DAILY
	OF	OF TOTAL	LOADING	LOADING	LOADING
	SAMPLES	SAMPLES	(lbs./day)	(lbs./day)	(lbs./day)
BASE NEUTRALS					
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	18	18.8	56. 9	10.5	124.5
2-Chloronaphthalene	1	1.0	423.3	423.3	423.3
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	1 2 5	2.1	7.8	7.6	8.0
Chrysene	5	5, 2	38.7	7.5	135. 9
Dibenzo (a, h) Anthracene	4	4.2	93.0	7.2	170.8
1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene	2	2. 1	28.3	4. 1	52. 4
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	11	11.5	34.6	<u>3. 1</u>	114.6
3, 3'-Dichlorobenzidine	1 i 0	11.5 0.0	62.5	7.1	174.6
Diethyl Phthalate	12	12. 5	ND 154.9	ND 12.1	ND 623. Ø
Dimethyl Phthalate	19	9. 4	205. 4	22. 3	564. 2
Di-N-Butyl Phthalate	11	11.5	212. 9	14.8	516.6
2.4-Dinitrotoluene	' 7	7.3	306. 1	50.7	612.4
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	8	8.3	62.3	3.6	174.8
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	8 3 0 12	3. 1	125. 1	23. 4	320.5
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	. 0	0.0	ND	ND	ND
Fluorenthene Fluorene	12	12.5	88. 9	7.6	361.8
Hexachlorobenzene	23 5 7	24.0	70.2	4.0	468.8
Hexachlorobutadiene	. 2	5. 2	197.0	61.1	342.5
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ø .	7.3 0.0	25. 2	0.0	59.8
Hexachloroethane	10	10.4	ND 211.4	ND	ND 985.6
Indeno (1.2.3-cd) Pyrene	î	1.0	8.2	10.8 8.2	8.2
Isophorone	11	11.5	316.3	50. 2	1 586. 7
Naphthalene	14	14.6	78.4	3. 9	840.3
Nitrobenzene	32	33. 3	96. 1	7.5	275.8
N-Mitrosodimethylamine	1	1.0	7.6	7.6	7.6
N-Witrosodi-W-Propylamine	1	1.0	7.5	7.5	7.5
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine Phenanthrene	1 0 0	0.0	HD	ND	ИĎ
Pyrene	13	0.0	ND	ND	ND
1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene	4	13.5 4.2	36. <i>7</i> 38.9	7.6	129. 7 73. 6
		4. 2	20'.∆	14.3	/3.6
PESTICIDES					
Alpha-BHC	0	,Ø . Ø	ND	ND	ND
Beta-BHC Delta-BHC	3 2 1 4 7 3	3.1	0. 03	0.02	0.04
Alpha-Endosulfan	2	2. 1	0.10	0.04	0.16
Beta-Endosulfan	1	1.0	0.02	0.02	0.02
Endosulfan Sulfate	4 7	4.2	0.05	0.	0.09
Endrin Aldehyde	'	7.3	7.36	0.09	<i>2</i> 3. 90
	J	3. 1	3.35	0.02	10.00

PASSAIC VALLEY SEVERAGE COMMISSIONERS SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION SOUTH SIDE INTERCEPTOR (OCTOBER 1985 - JANUARY 1986)

	DETECTED (NUMBER OF SAMPLES	COMPOUNDS PERCENT OF TOTAL SAMPLES	AVERAGE DAILY LOADING (1bs./day)	MINIMUM DAILY LOADING (1bs./day)	MAXIMUM DAILY LOADING (1bs./day
VOLATILE ORGANICS Acrolein Acrylonitrile Benzene Bis (Chloromethyl) Ether Bromoform Carbon Tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chlorodibromomethane Chloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether Chloroform Dichlorobromomethane Dichlorodifluoromethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethylene 1,2-Dichloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropylene Ethylbenzene Methyl Bromide Methyl Chloride Methylchoroethylene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene Toluene 1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene	19 22 25 0 12 33 9 21 14 15 21 14 15 21 12 37 20 38 30	42. 2 48. 9 55. 6 0. 0 26. 7 17. 8 73. 3 20. 0 48. 9 24. 4 31. 1 33. 3 4. 4 35. 6 51. 1 26. 7 13. 3 82. 4 13. 3	0.7 3.0 2.2 ND 11.4 10.1 14.9 7.7 2.1 6.0 91.0 91.0 91.0 91.0 91.0 91.0 91.0 91	223D3220242002625328222322 00.103220242002625328222322	9. 0 27. 2 8. 8 ND 115. 1 45. 8 99. 3 81. 0 7. 8 30. 3 52. 6 17. 4 79. 1 79. 1 79. 1 79. 1 79. 1 79. 1 79. 1 79. 3 60. 3 41. 6 401. 8 120. 9 115. 8
1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Trichlorofluoromethane Vinyl Chloride	25 5 22 4 12	55.6 11.1 48.9 8.9 26.7	5.1 0.6 9.7 43.6 8.1	0.2 0.2 0.2 1.0 0.0	30.6 1.7 124.5 100.7 28.0
ACID COMPOUNDS Chlorophenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 4,6-Dinitro-U-Cresol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 2-Hitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol P-Chloro-M-Cresol Pentachlorophenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	18 10 10 14 6 9 4 10 2 30 8	40.0 22.2 22.2 31.1 13.3 20.0 8.9 22.2 4.4 66.7 17.8	274.0 4257.4 1913.1 47.5 95.5 160.9 5.8 62.4 43.3 1414.7	2.1 4.2 8.9 1.4 19.1 8.8 1.9 2.1 5.7 6.9	2883.0 41182.2 15811.1 193.0 246.8 760.2 16.2 220.0 81.0 2625.8 998.9
BASE NEUTRALS Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benzidine Benzo (a) Anthracene Benzo (a) Pyrene 3,4-Benzofluoranthene Benzo (g,h,i) Perylene Benzo (k) Fluoranthene Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane Bis (2-Chloroethyl) Ether Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	26501803720080	4. 4 13. 3 11. 1 0. 0 2. 2 17. 8 0. 0 6. 7 15. 6 4. 4 0. 0 0. 0	111.4 20.5 56.5 ND 99.1 57.5 ND 15.0 74.2 13.8 ND ND ND	13.6 2.1 4.1 ND 99.1 5.5 ND 10.5 12.1 0.0 ND ND	209.3 55.2 215.7 ND 99.1 208.8 ND 19.5 215.9 27.5 ND ND 176.5

KLL,003805

TABLE 4 (CONTINUED)

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION SOUTH SIDE INTERCEPTOR (OCTOBER 1985 - JANUARY 1986)

	DETECTED NUMBER OF SAMPLES	COMPOUNDS PERCENT OF TOTAL SAMPLES	AVERAGE DAILY LOADING (lbs./day)	MINIMUM DAILY LOADING (1bs./day)	MAXIMUM DAILY LOADING (lbs./day)
BASE NEUTRALS				•	
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	. 3	6.7	15. 0	2. 2	38.9
2-Chloronaphthalene	0	0.0	ND	ND	ИĎ
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	0	0.0	ЙD	ЙĎ	ИĎ
Chrysene	1	2.2	1008.5	1008.5	1008.5
Dibenzo (a, h) Anthracene	1	2. 2	37.5	37.5	37.5
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0	Ø. Ø	ND ·	ND	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0	0.0	ND	, ND	HD
3, 3'-Dichlorobenzidine		0. 0 0. 0	ND	ND	ND
Diethyl Phthalate	0 9 3	20.0	ND 68. 8	ND	AGE ND
Dimethyl Phthalate	3	6.7	15.3	2.8 2.1	495.3
Di-N-Butyl Phthalate	. 1	2. 2	2.8	2. 8	39. 6 2. 8
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	' Õ	0.0	ND	ND	ND
2,6-Dinitrotoluene		2. 2	2.1	2.1	2.1
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	Ž	4.4	7. 2	5. 7	8.6
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	Ø	0.0	ND	ND	ND
Fluoranthene	1 2 0 2 4	4.4	28.9	26.9	31.0
Fluorene	4	8.9	58. 4	1.0	203.0
Hexachlorobenzene	Ø .	0.0	ND	ND	ND
Hexachlorobutadiene	Ø	0.0	ND	ND	ИD
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Hexachloroethane	0 5	0.0	ND	ND	ND
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) Pyrene	۵ 0	11.1	8.6	2.3	14.8
Isophorone	v	0.0 6.7	ND	ND	ND
Naphthalene	3 2	4.4	13.5 48.0	6.5	24.0
Nitrobenzene	10	22. 2	34. 1	29.6 7.1	66. 5
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	10	0.0	ND	, i	87.4 ND
N-Nitrosodi-N-Propylamine	ŏ	0.0	ND	, ND	ND
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	Ø	0.0	ND	ND	ND.
Phenanthrene	Ø 7	0.0	ND	ŇĎ	ИD
Pyrene	7	15.6	25.5	6.9	63.6
1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene	0	0.0	ND	ND	ND
PESTICIDES					
Alpha-BHC	0	a a	un	110	
Beta-BHC	ő	0. 0 0. 0	ND ND	ND	ND
Delta-BHC	1	2.2	0. 01	ND	ND
Alpha-Endosulfan	1 1	2. 2	0. 03	0.01 0.03	0.01 0.03
Beta-Endosulfan	4	8. 9	0. 03 0. 02	0. 03 0. 01	0.03 0.06
Endosulfan Sulfate	8 4	17.8	0. 99	0.14	2. 59
Endrin Aldehyde	4	8.9	0.61	0.01	2. 37

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION RAYMOND BOULEVARD (BROWN STREET INTERCEPTOR) (OCTOBER 1985 - JANUARY 1986)

	DETECTED NUMBER OF SAMPLES	COMPOUNDS PERCENT OF TOTAL SAMPLES	AVERAGE DAILY LOADING (1bs./day)	MINIMUM DAILY LOADING (1bs./day)	MAXIMUM DAILY LOADING (1bs./day)
VOLATILE ORGANICS Acrolein Acrylonitrile	27 19	60. 0 42. 2	0. 04 ND	0. 01 ND	0.5 ND
Benzene Bis (Chloromethyl) Ether Bromoform Carbon Tetrachloride	23 0 11 18	51.1 0.0 24.4 40.0	0.2 ND 6.5 1.4	0.01 ND 0.02 0.01	1.7 ND 50.0 11.0
Chlorobenzene Chlorodibromomethane Chloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	34 14 28	75.6 31.1 62.2	1.6 0.9 0.3	0.01 0.01 0.01	13.7 5.3 1.8
Chloroform Dichlorobromomethane Dichlorodifluoromethane	18 19 18 , 3	40.0 42.2 40.0 6.7	0. 2 2. 4 0. 2 0. 9	0.02 0.01 0.01 0.04	2.2 36.5 1.0 2.4
1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethylene 1,2-Dichloropropane	24 32 20 16	53.3 71.1 44.4 35.6	1.2 0.9 0.8 0.3	0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	11.0 5.8 6.2 1.4
1,3-Dichloropropylene Ethylbenzene Methyl Bromide Methyl Chloride	7 36 17 4	15.6 80.0 37.8 8.9	1.2 0.9 0.3 0.2	0.01 0.01 0.03 0.01	7.6 6.1 1.5 0.6
Methylene Chloride 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene Toluene	29 13 4	64.4 28.9 8.9	1.4 1.0 2.1	0.01 0.01 0.1	6.2 11.6 7.8
1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane	43 23 28 7	95.6 51.1 62.2 15.6	0.9 0.8 0.5 0.1	0.04 0.01 0.01 0.01	8.0 5.7 5.7 0.5
Trichloroethylene Trichlorofluoromethane Vinyl Chloride	17 3 10	37.8 6.7 22.2	1.0 0.3 0.4	0.01 0.1 0.01	14.3 0.9 2.2
ACID COMPOUNDS Chlorophenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol	16 11	35.6 24.4	1.2 1.4	0.02 0.1	5. 2 6. 1
2,4-Dimethylphenol 4,6-Dinitro-O-Cresol 2,4-Dinitrophenol 2-Nitrophenol	13 14 1 10	28.9 31.1 2.2	2.8 0.5 0.1 12.7	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.3	7.9 1.6 0.1
4-Witrophenol P-Chloro-M-Cresol Pentachlorophenol Phenol	1 6 5	22. 2 2. 2 13. 3 11. 1	0.8 0.8 1.6	0.8 0.2 0.3	62.5 0.8 1.8 2.9
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol BASE NEUTRALS	28 7	62. 2 15. 6	18.9 21.7	0. 1 0. 9	109.7
Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benzidine	7 22 14	15.6 48.9 31.1	0.4 2.0 0.9	0.1 0.2 0.2	1.9 21.0 2.8
Benzo (a) Anthracene Benzo (a) Pyrene 3,4-Benzofluoranthene	0 2 5 0 6	0.0 4.4 11.1 0.0	ND 0.3 1.8 ND	ND 0.3 0.3 ND	ND 0.3 5.7 ND
Benzo (g, h, i) Perylene Benzo (k) Fluoranthene Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane Bis (2-Chloroethyl) Ether	6 8 5 0	13.3 17.8 11.1	1.5 2.5 1.6	0.2 0.5 0.1	4.7 6.5 6.4
Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	0 7 1	0.0 0.0 15.6 2.2	ND ND 0.6 0.6	ND ND 0.1 0.6	ND ND 2. 1 0. 6

TABLE 5 (CONTINUED)

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION RAYMOND BOULEVARD (BROWN STREET INTERCEPTOR) (OCTOBER 1985 - JANUARY 1986)

·				•	
	DETECTED (COMPOUNDS	AVERAGE	HĪŅĪŅŪK	HAXIHUH
	NUMBER OF	PERCENT OF TOTAL	DAILY	DAILY	DAILY
•	SAMPLES	SAMPLES	LOADING (lbs./day)	LOADING (lbs./day)	LOADING (1bs./day)
BASE NEUTRALS			,		, .
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	3	6 7	A 2		0 5
2-Chloronaphthalene	0	6.7 0.0	0.2 ND	0.1	0.5
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	Ø	0. 0 0. 0	ЙD	ND	ND ND
Chrysene	1	2. 2	0. 4	ND 0.4	0. 4
Dibenzo (a, h) Anthracene	• 5	11.1	1.5	Ø. 3	4.5
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ĕ	0.0	ND	йĎ	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ō	0 . 0	. ND	ЙĎ	ЙĎ
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0	0.0	ND	йĎ	ND
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	A	0.0	ND	ND	ND
Diethyl Phthalate	5 6	11.1	1.1	0.6	1.7
Dimethyl Phthalate		13.3	3.3	0.3	12.5
Di-N-Butyl Phthalate	, Q	0.0	ND	ND	ND
2, 4-Dinitrotoluene	Ö	0.0	ND	ND	ND
2,6-Dinitrotoluene Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	4	8.9	0.3	0.1	Ø. <u>4</u>
1, 2-Diphenylhydrazine	4 0	8.9	2.9	0.1	7.5
Fluoranthene	. 8	0.0 17.8	ND 2.4	ND	ND 6.2
Fluorene	25	55.6	1. 2	0. 1 0. 1	4.4
Hexachlorobenzene	4	8.9	1.1	Ø. 1	2.6
Kexachlorobutadiene	ī	2. 2	0. î	Ø. i	Ø. 1
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	Ø	0.0	ND	ND	ND
Hexachloroethane	5	11.1	1.0	0.2	2.2
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) Pyrene	0	0.0	ND	ND	ND
Isophorone Naphthalene	2	4.4	1.3	0.2	2.4
Nitrobenzene	5 0 2 5 5	11.1	0. 6	0. 0	1.9
N-Mitrosodimethylamine	٦	11.1	0 <u>.7</u>	0.1	1.5
N-Nitrosodi-N-Propylamine	Ø Ø	0.0 0.0	ND	ND	ND
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ő	0.0	ND ND	МD	ИD ND
Phenanthrene	ŏ	0.0	ND	ND ND	ND ND
Pyrene	7	15.6	1.4	0.1	3.8
1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene	Ø	0.0	ND	NĎ	ND .
PESTICIDES			*		
Alpha-BHC	0	0.0	ND	ND	ND
Beta-BHC	ž	6.7	0. 01	0. 01	0. 01
Delta-BHC	3 1 0 3 6	2. 2	0.10	0.10	0. 10
Alpha-Endosulfan	Ō	õ. õ	ND	ND	ND
Beta-Endosulfan	3	6.7	0. ÖÏ	0. 01	0.01
Endosulfan Sulfate	. 6	13.3	0.07	0.01	0.27
Endrin Aldehyde	3	6.7	0. 15	0.02	0.39



however, the volatility of compounds as well as the <u>exact</u> timing required to match sewage flow as Organic Compounds pass through several monitoring points are suggested. Additionally, pollutants are often "dumped" into the waste stream and travel through the piping network as a slug of flow not subject to dispersion and easily sampled at one location while missed at another. The exception to this is the compounds detected in excess of eighty percent of the samples, suggesting that a larger database will mitigate some of the inaccuracies inherent in this type of sampling.

Plates E-1 thru E-33 have been prepared to show a graphical representation of influent loading for selected organic priority pollutants during the 14 months of the investigation. The Plates show the individual loadings for each day samples were obtained (as pounds per day) as well as the average monthly loading developed from these data. This graphical representation was prepared to evaluate the consistency of loading to the Treatment Plant for selected compounds. The specific compounds chosen for evaluation were based upon data presented in Table "2" and the Summary Tables, with organic compounds selected from each of the fractions analyzed on the basis of consistent loadings as well as seasonal loadings (as could be determined from the data).

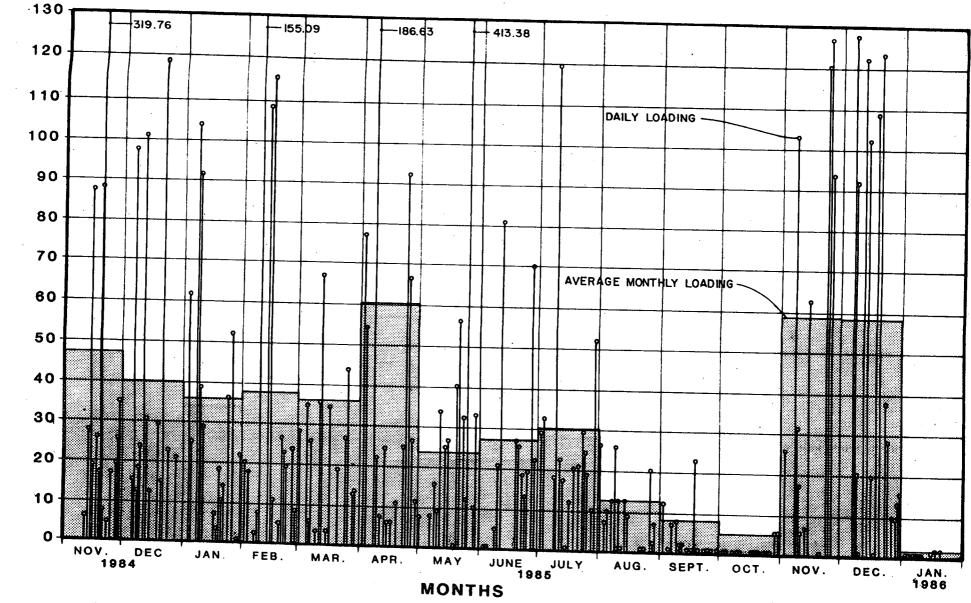
The evaluation suggested consistent loadings throughout the investigation of Volatile Organic Compounds such that over one - third of the Volatile Organic Compounds were present in the waste

00

C>1

00

<u>___</u>



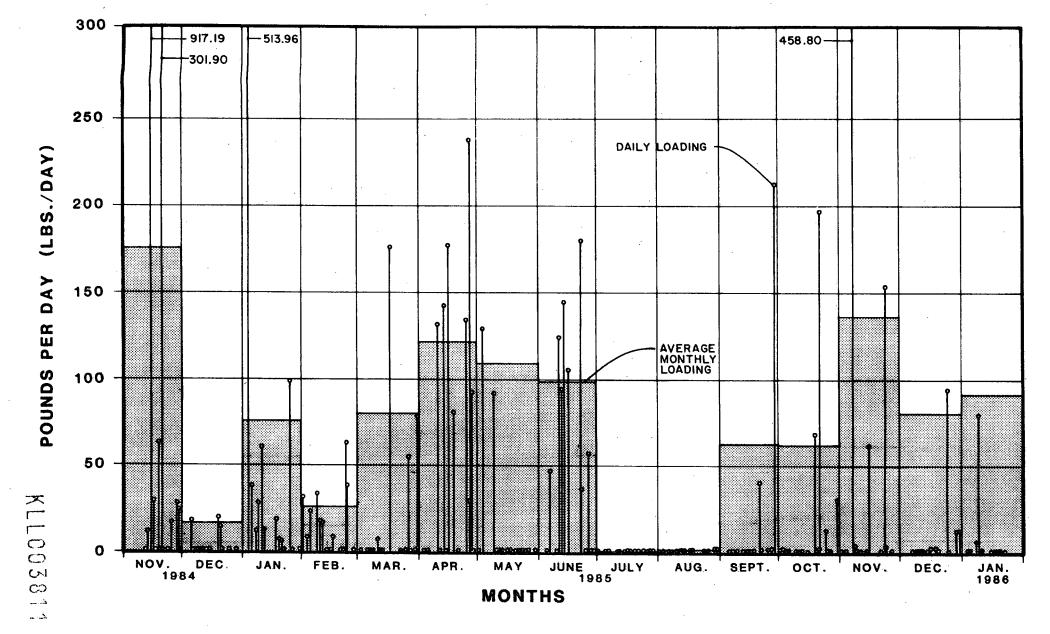
PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY
ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

BENZENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated Environmental Engineering Services Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

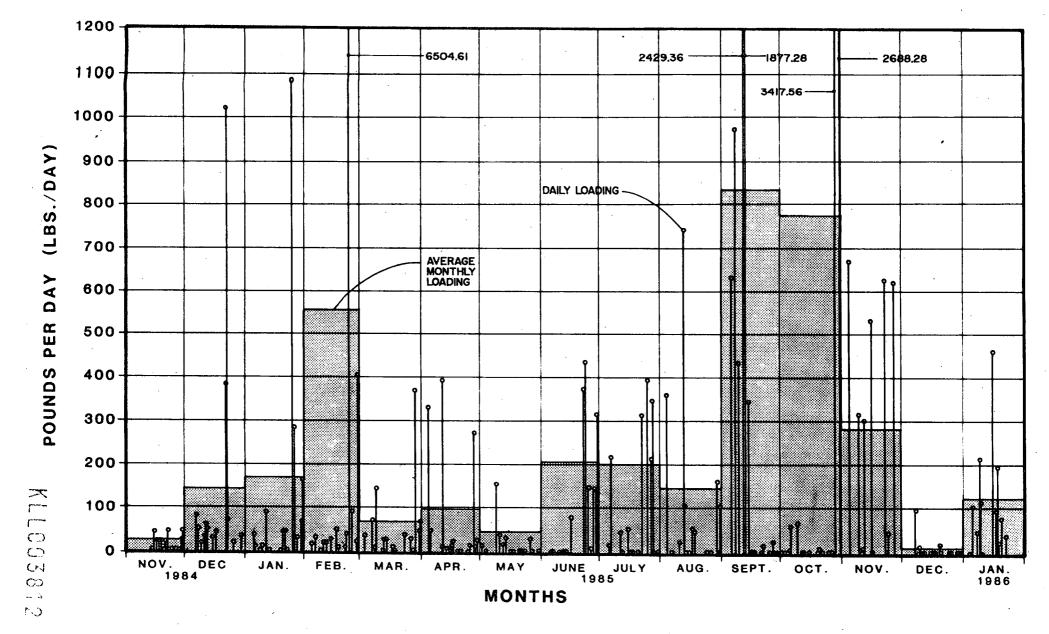


PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY
ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.



PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

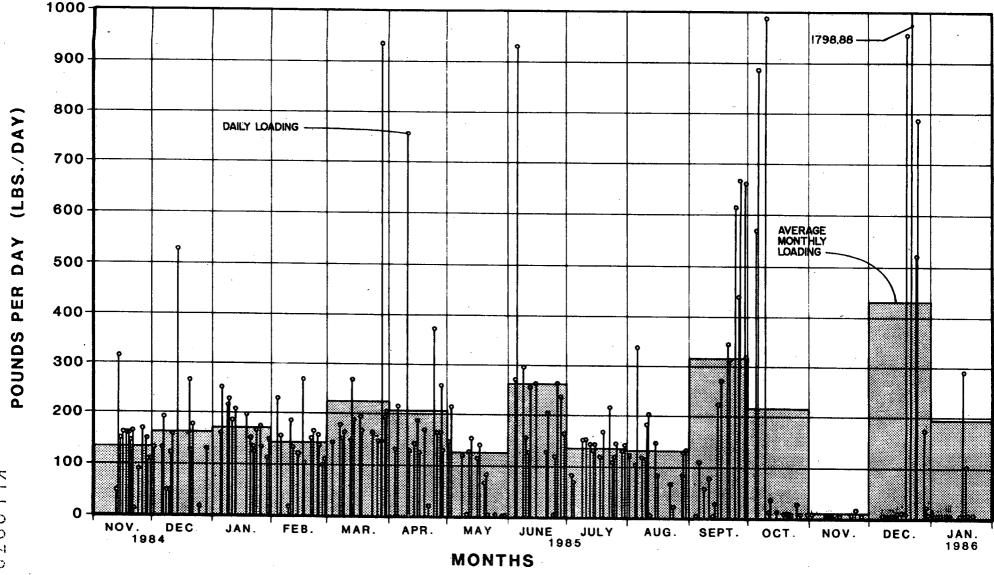
ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

CHLOROBENZENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.



PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

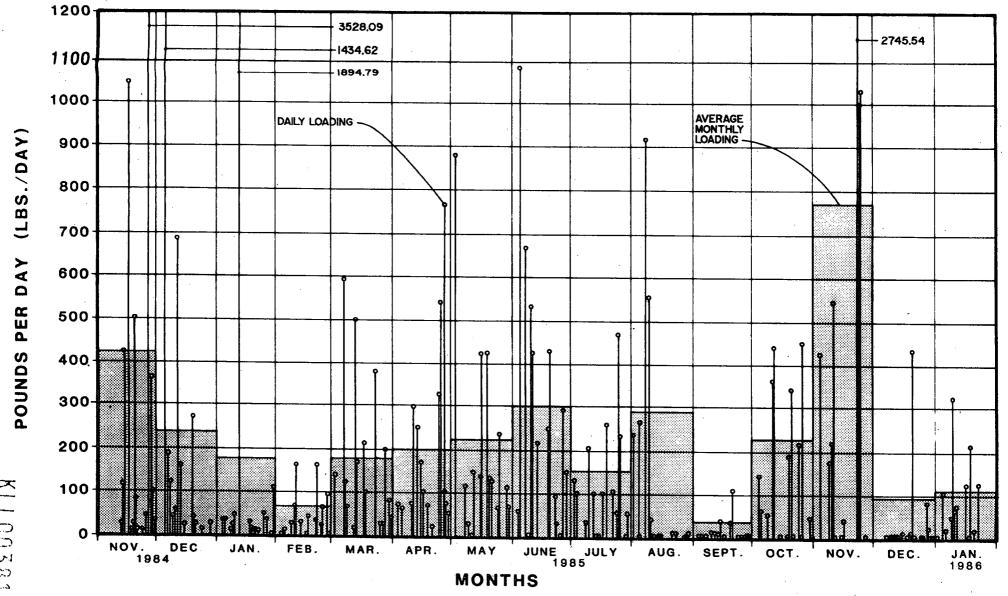
ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

CHLOROFORM LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated Environmental Engineering Services Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.



PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS NEWARK, NEW JERSEY ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

1,2-DICHLOROETHANE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

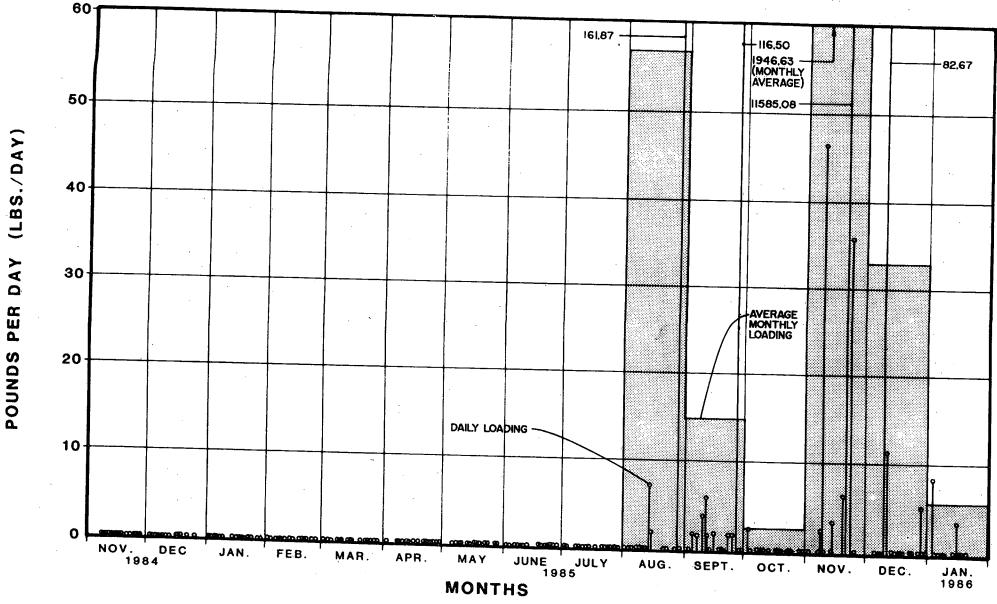
 \bigcirc

01

 \odot

-..-2

U



PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

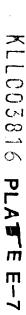
ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

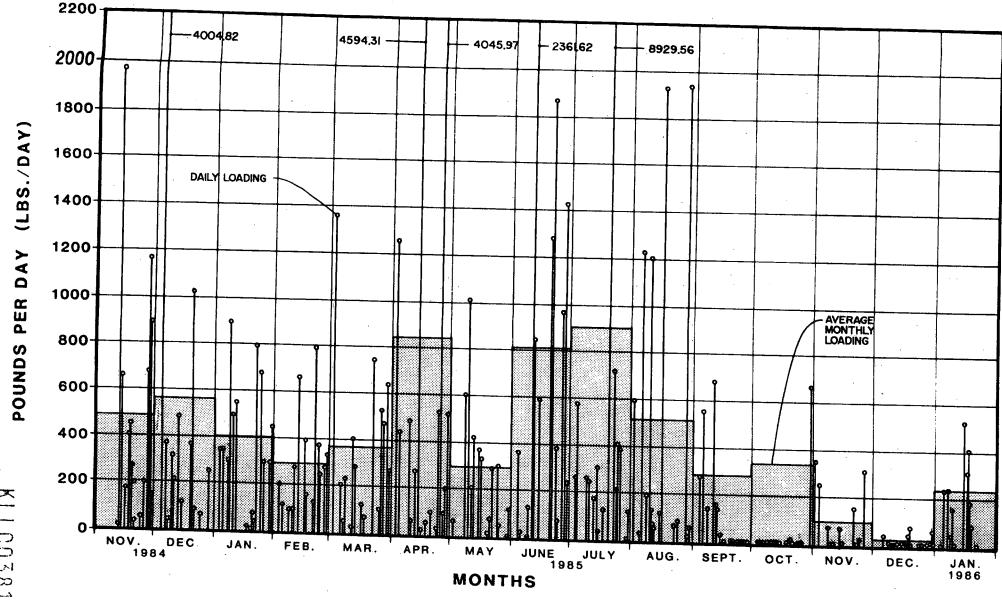
1,3-DICHLOROPROPYLENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.





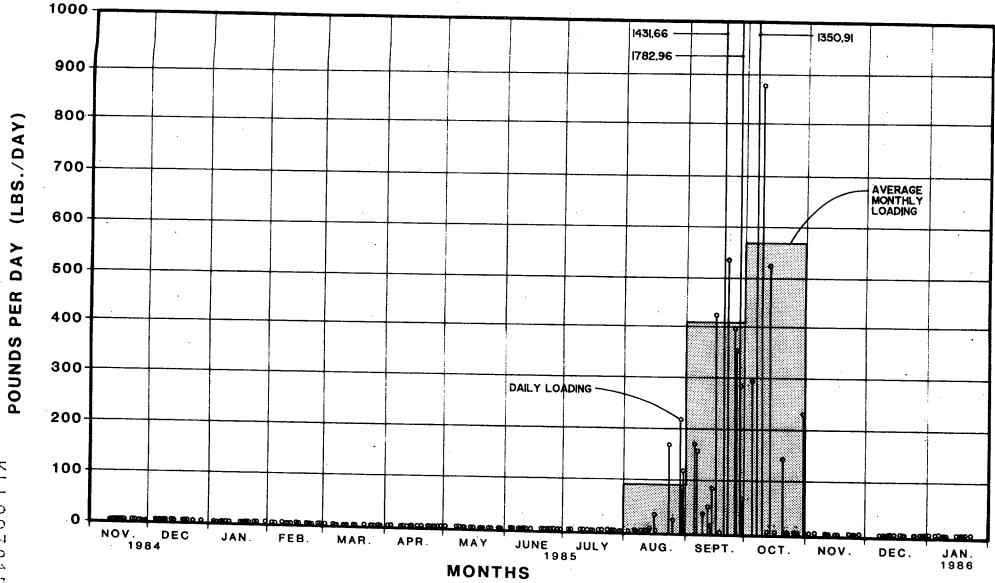
ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

ETHYLBENZENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.



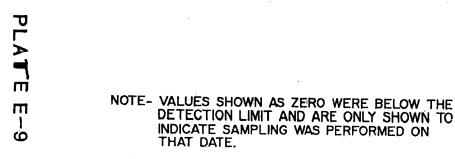
ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

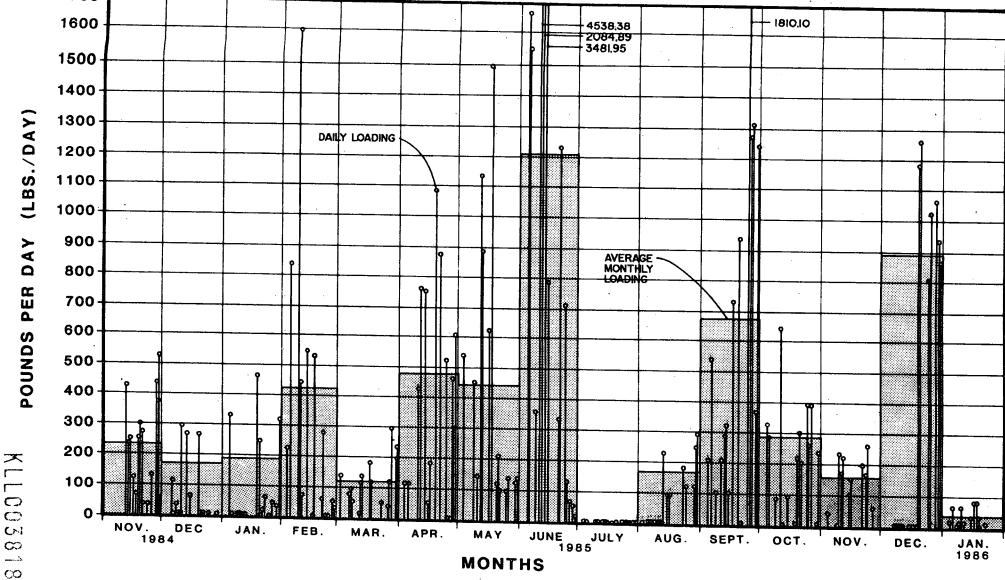
METHYL CHLORIDE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.



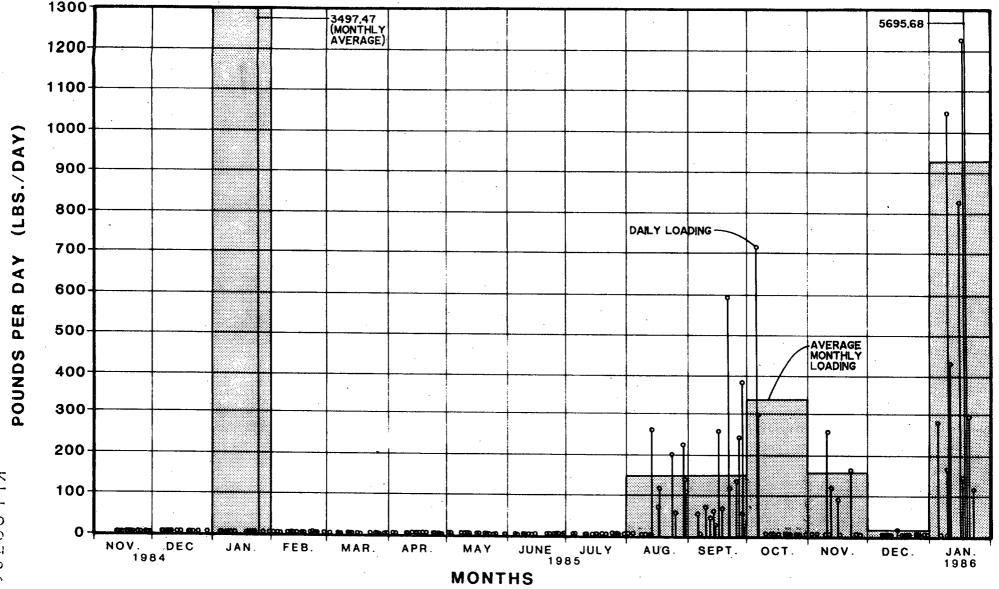


ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

METHYLENE CHLORIDE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey



ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

TOLUENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

3500

m

ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

TRICHLOROETHYLENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

Ш

N

NOV.

DEC.

JAN.

1986

1186,92

ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

CHLOROPHENOL LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated

Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

PLATE

ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

Ш

ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

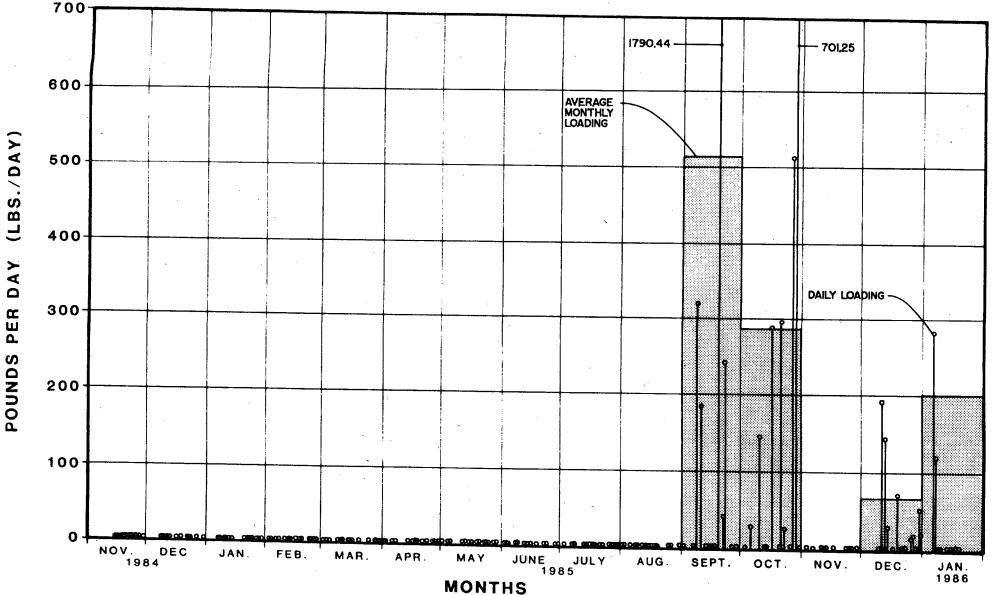
NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

PLATE

m

_

S



ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

4,6-DINITRO-O-CRESOL LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

2,4-DINITROPHENOL LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

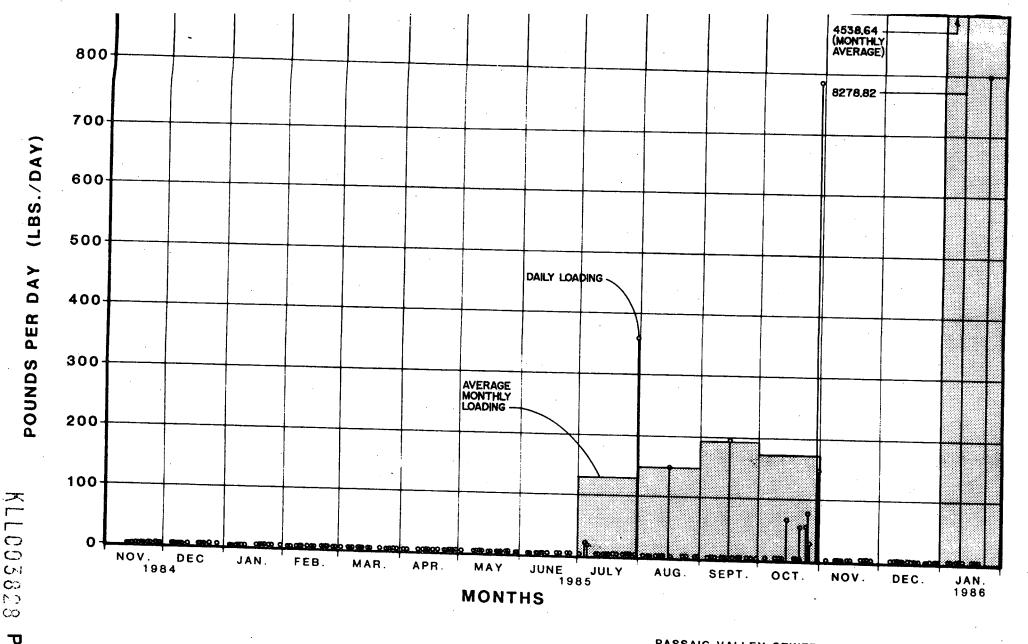
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

2-NITROPHENOL LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey



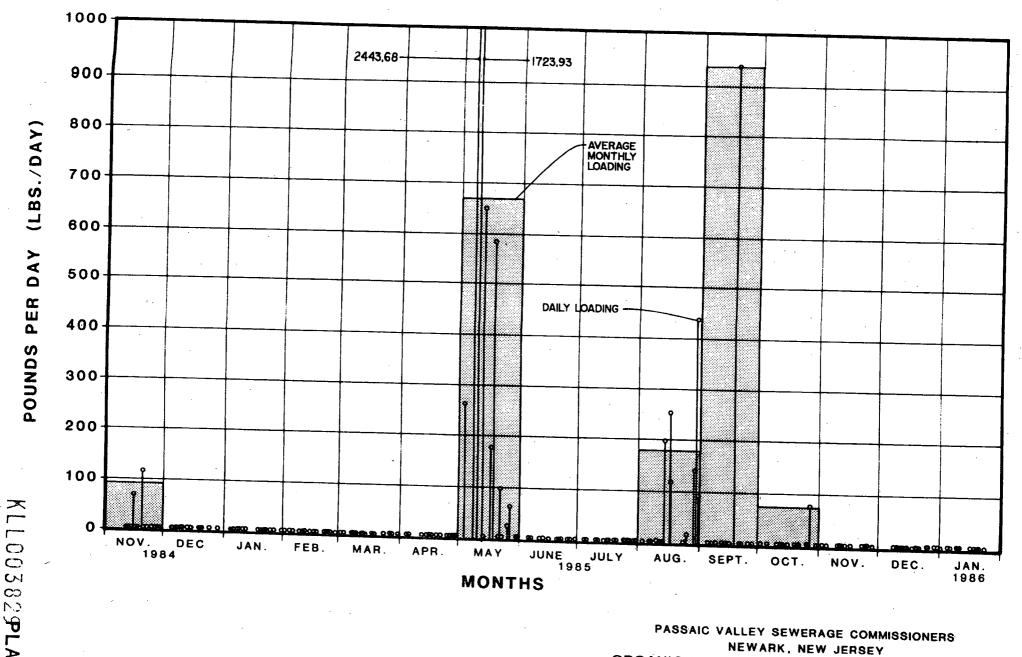
p-CHLORO-M-CRESOL LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

П



PENTACHLOROPHENOL LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE,

Ш

1

N

0

6572.34

5531.63 -

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

3000

П

N

CFM incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

N

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

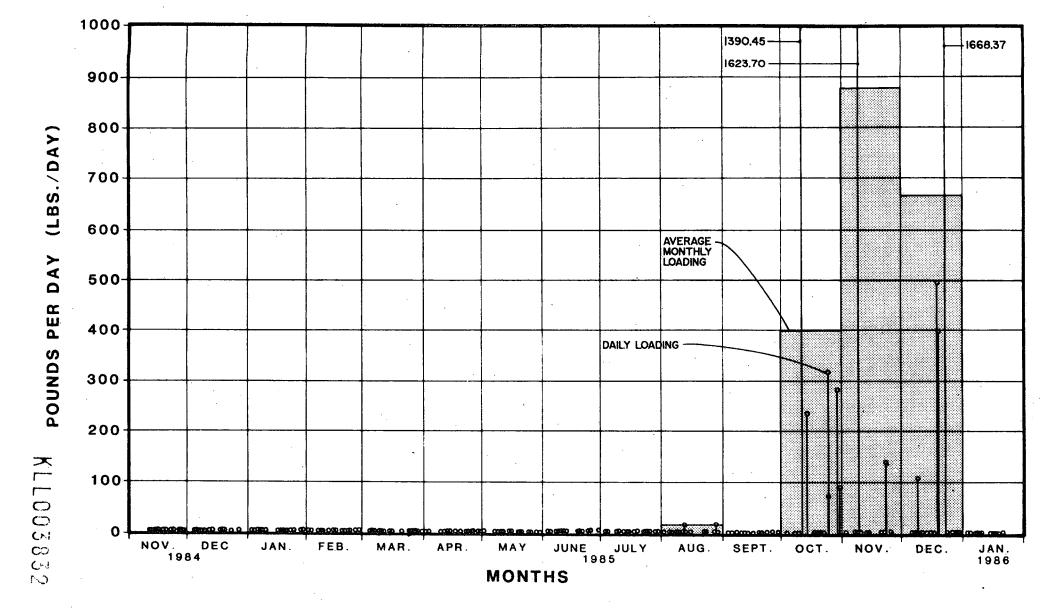
ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

BENZO (a) PYRENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.



ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

BENZO (k) FLUORANTHENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

Ш

N

600

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

BUTYLBENZYL PHTHALATE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

N

S

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY
ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

DIETHYL PHTHALATE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

DIMETHYL PHTHALATE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE PLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

Ш

2

PLATE E-2

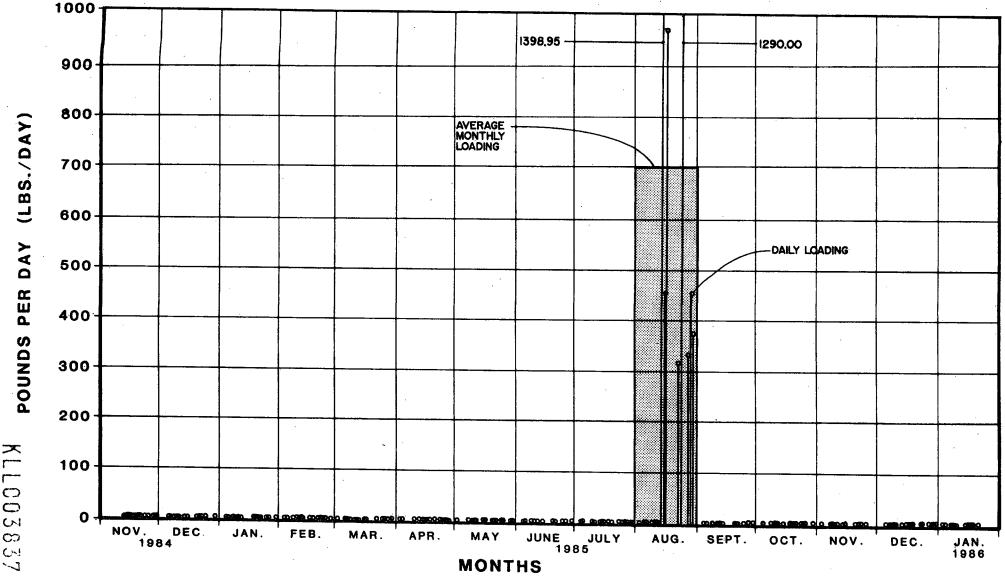
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE LOADING

NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.



ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

2,4-DINITROTOLUENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

350

Ш

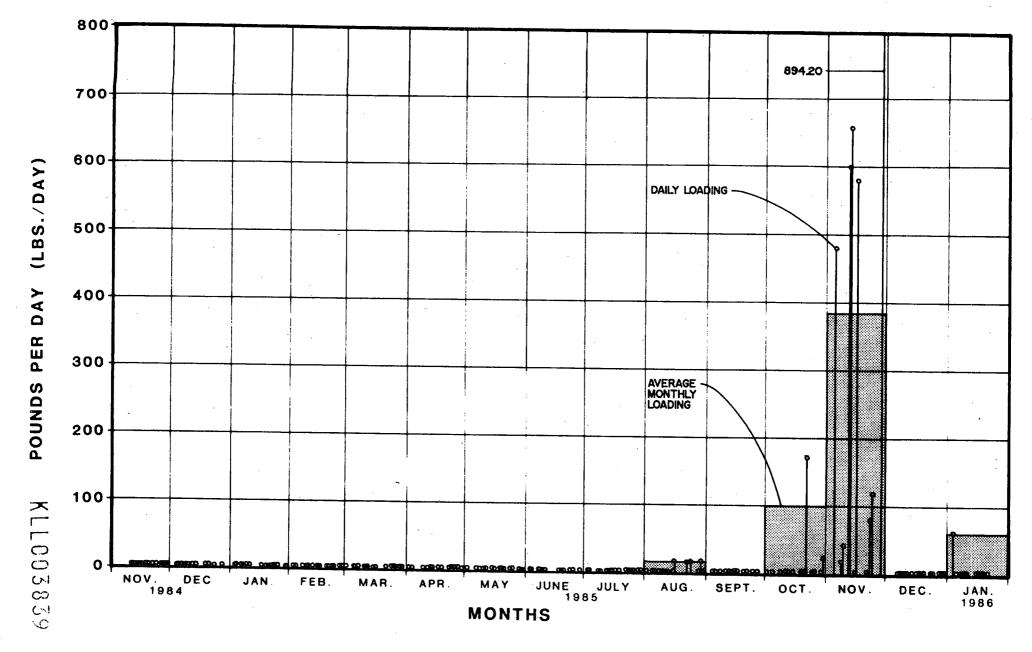
N

ဖ

2,6-DINITROTOLUENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whinneny New Jareau



HEXACHLOROETHANE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services

ISOPHORONE LOADING

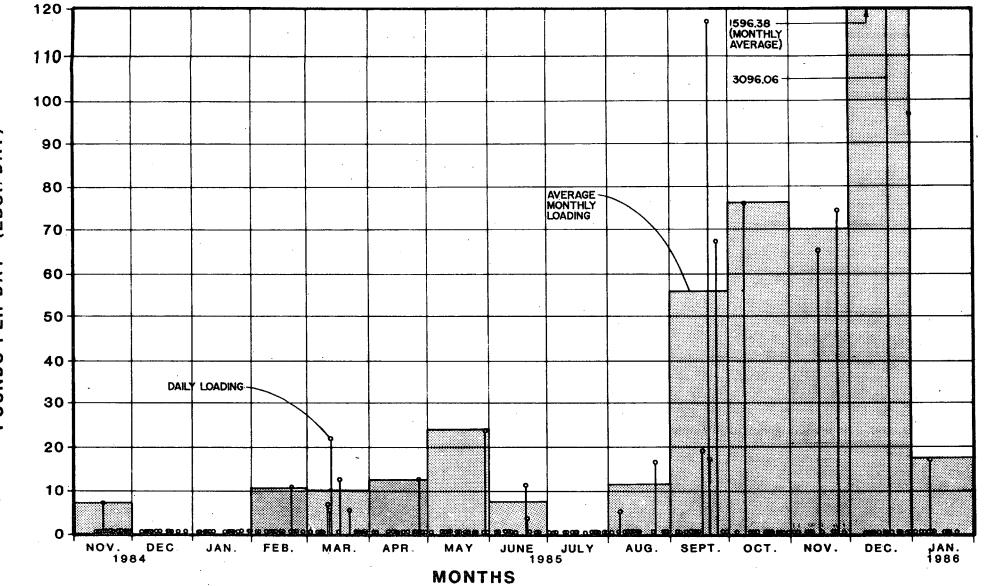
TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whitney New Jersey

PLATIE E-31

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

·



PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION

NAPHTHALENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated
Environmental Engineering Services
Whippany, New Jersey

NOV.

DEC.

JAN.

1986

NITROBENZENE LOADING

TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

NOTE- VALUES SHOWN AS ZERO WERE BELOW THE DETECTION LIMIT AND ARE ONLY SHOWN TO INDICATE SAMPLING WAS PERFORMED ON THAT DATE.

Ш

33



at least 50 percent of the time, with several compounds including Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Chloroform and Trichloroethylene present in the waste about 80 percent of the time. The average daily loading of the Volatile Organic Compounds varied between about 4 pounds per day for 1,1,2-Trichloroethane to over 745 pounds per day for Toluene. Maximum loadings identified were as high as 11,585 pounds per day for 1,3-Dichloropropylene the highest loading in terms of pounds per day experienced during the investigation. The consistent presence of these low molecular weight Volatile Organic Compounds indicates their wide use in the industrial base tributary to the Commissioners Treatment Plant. The graphical presentation of the select Volatile Organic Compounds did not indicate any long term trends other than they are normally present and that the daily loadings and monthly averages varied significantly from month to month and season to season.

The Volatile Organic Compounds were sampled by grab sampling techniques, initially during the mid morning. The time of sampling was moved to early afternoon and late afternoon to see if any appreciable variations in loading occurred as the flow rate varied to the plant. Evaluation of the analysis was not conclusive and it was decided to include a separate sampling effort as part of the investigation to determine the variation of Volatile Organic Compounds in the influent to the treatment plant over a typical 24 hour period.



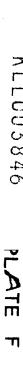
Table "6" summaries the results of this sampling effort that occurred on July 9/10, 1985. Grab samples were obtained every two hours and analysis performed for Volatile Organic Compounds. The results of the analysis, as shown on the Table in terms of micrograms/liter suggested that the compounds do indeed vary significantly over a 24 hour period. The results of the analysis for Toluene were evaluated with the hourly flow rate recorded for those days at the plant and plotted to show the variation in loading to the plant. This evaluation is shown on Plate "F". For the day of sampling, the loading of Toluene was greatest during the normal working hours, with only minor loadings experienced during typical non-working hours. The immediate impact of the loading suggested the source to be near the plant.

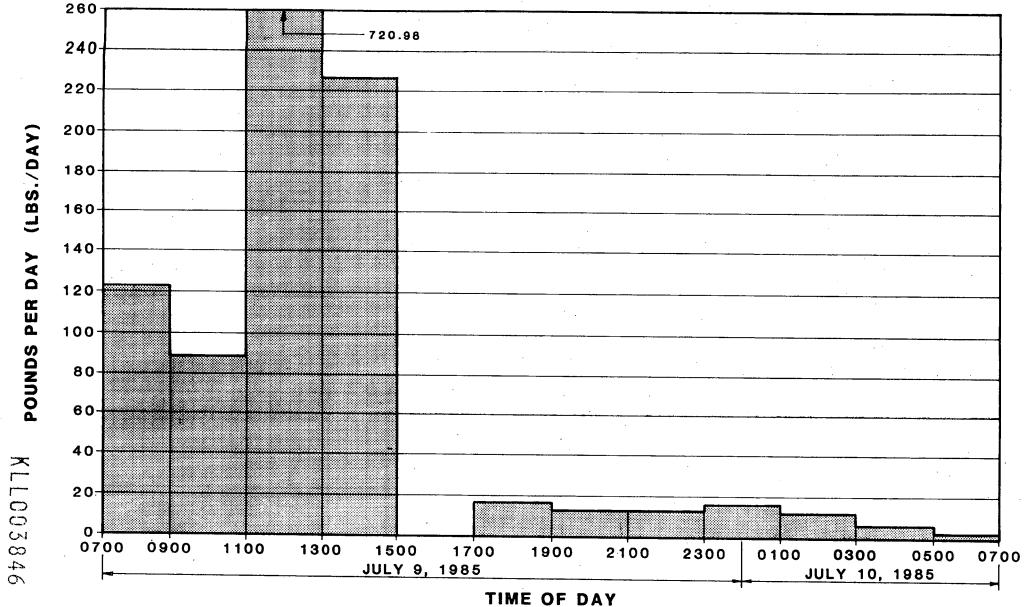
The Acid Extractable Compounds were found in a lesser number of samples than the Volatile Organic Compounds with Phenol as the principal exception being present in the influent in just about 80 percent of all samples obtained. Average daily loadings of the Acid Extractable Compounds appeared to be greater than the Volatile Organic Compounds but occurring on a less frequent basis. Maximum daily loadings reflected the higher average daily loading. The long term trend of the Acid Extractable Compounds as shown on the graphical examples suggested what appears to be seasonal variations in loadings (with the exception of Phenol). Phenol loadings appear to rise and fall with selected times of the year with no defined regularity.

TABLE 6 PASSAIC VALLEY SENERAGE COMMISSIONERS SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS ORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANT INVESTIGATION TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT (24-HOUR - VOLATILE ORGANIC ANALYSIS)

DATE TIME OF GRAB SOMPLING	JULY 9, 1985							JULY 10, 1985				
	9908	1100	1300	1588	1799	1988	2100	2388	8199	9399	0500	9799
CLATILE ORGANICS (1)												
Acrolein Acrylonitrile	, NO	· MD	ND	ND	NED	8.84	ND	ND	ND	NĐ	NED	N
Benzene	(1.00	, ND	NĐ	ND	ND	21.36	2.29	(1.00	(1.00	13.64	ΝĐ	N.
is (Chloromethyl) Ether	4.84 ND	18. 44	3. 72	3. 72	ND	2.64	5. 64	6.88	2.96	2.88	2.44	N
Promoform	KD	ND OM	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NED	ND	ND	ND	Ñ
Carbon Tetrachloride	6.44	4.72	ND	, ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NED	Ň
hlorobenzene	76 . 00	1848. 98	2.84	(1.00	(1.00	ND	ND	2.68	(1.00	(1.90	(1.98	(1.0
hlorodibromomethane	ND ND	1040. 62 MD	144.00	916 . 60	Ю	183.68	NED	ND	ND	ND	2.24	. N
Chloroethane	ND	⟨1.99	ND (1.98	ND (1.00	M	ŃΩ	ND	ND ·	ND	ND	ND	Ň
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	ND	, , , , ND	, 1.00	ND ND	MD	Ю	ND	ND	MD	ЖD	ND	N
Chloroform	34.72	27. 28	25.76	37 . 44	, ND	ND	_ ND	ND	ND	ND	NŪ	N
Dichlorobromomethane	ND	ND	23.76 ND	37.44 ND	(1.00	4.88	6.84	46.80	54.40	35.48	34.24	7.6
Dichlorodifluoromethane	NO	NO	NE)	ND ND	УD	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	MĐ	Ň
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	4.32	3. 88	3.88	4.52	ND .	ND	ND	ND	, NED	ND	ND	N
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	4.60	19.68	NE)	4.76	ЖD	_ ND	ND	· ND	ND	ND	ND	N
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	11.4	36.52	5.64	16.28	ΝĎ	7.44	· NO	ND	NO	ND	NEO	N
1,1-Dichloroethane	(1.00	(1.00	(1.00	(1.98	ND	29. 16	ND	ND	ND ND	ND	NĐ	Ň
1,2-Dichloroethane	, I ND	ND ND	ND	· MD	(1.88	МĎ	MD	ND	, MD	ND	ND	Ñ
1.1-Dichloroethylene	(1.00	(1.00	ND)	ND ND	ND	NED.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	N
1,2-Dichloropropane	NED	(1.08	ND)	XD	MD	ND	ND	(1.00	(1.86	(1.00	NED	Ñ
1,3-Dichloropropylene	ND	, , , ,	· NĐ	ND ND	NED NED	ND	ND	(1.98	< 1.00	ND	ND	N
Ethylbenzene	13.68	159.68	40.48	70. 88	ND ND	MĐ	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Ñ
Methyl Browide	ND	ND	TO. TO	/0.00 ND		ЖD	МD	ND	. ND	ND	ND	N N N N
Methyl Chloride	ΝĐ	ND	ND ND	MD D	ND ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND)	ND	Ñ
Methylene Chloride	12.76	28.32	59.28	12.16	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	' ND	Ñ
1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	NO	ND.	ND	9.68 ND	〈 1.00	(1.88	(1.00	(1.08	(1.00	2.84	⟨ 1. ë
Tetrachloroethylene	5.52	4.28	6.08	10.92	(1.88	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Ň
Toluene	97.60	60.80	386.80	124.88	, 1.00	7.84	19.84	13.56	11.84	12.24	12.84	· 14. 4
1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene	ND	ND	NE)	164.00	ND)	9.88	7.52	8.32	9.96	8. 64	5. 16	2.4
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	. ND	(1.00	(1.06	ND ND	ND ND	, ND	MD	ND	NÐ	ND	ND	N
1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	NED .	ND ND	ND ND	(1.90	MD	ND	NĐ	ND	ND	Ñ
Trichloroethylene	4.24	3.56	4.88	6.52	(1.88	ND	, ND	ND	, NED	ND	ND	Ä
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	\ 1.00	ND ND	3.60	3.48	4.32	3.84	6.99	Ñ
Vinyl Chloride	ND	· NO	NĐ	ND ND	. ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND	ND	N N

All results in micrograms/liter (ug/l)





TREATMENT PLANT INFLUENT

CFM Incorporated **Environmental Engineering Services** Whippany, New Jersey

Base Neutral Extractable Compounds were found even less frequently in the plant influent than either of the two other fractions. Most of the compounds were identified over the 14 months of the investigation however, no compound exceeded 15 percent of the total samples obtained in the investigation. Average daily loadings (in terms of pounds per day) varied appreciably and were consistent with the loadings developed for both Volatile and Acid Extractable Compounds. Maximum daily loadings appear to be significantly lower than the Acid Extractable Compounds and the Volatile Organics.

Pesticide Compounds for which analysis was performed were found in only a small percentage of the total number of samples obtained and at generally low concentrations. Average daily loadings in terms of pounds per day were barely detectable with no appreciable maximum daily loadings identified.

In reviewing all of the data obtained in the investigation with specific emphasis on the long term data produced at the influent to the Commissioner's Treatment Plant, it did not appear that the concentration of Organic Priority Pollutants at the Commissioner's Treatment Plant could be statistically pre-determined. Additionally, statistically relevent evaluation could not be made to predict either the concentration or loading into the treatment plant and it would appear that the Organic Priority Pollutants for which analysis was performed during this investigation are randomly received at the treatment plant. No



impact analysis was made of the loading of any of the organic compounds on either the treatment system employed by the Commissioner's or the fate of the compounds following the treatment. No analysis was performed on the liquid effluent from the treatment plant nor on the sludges produced or the air surrounding the plant.

The data clearly demonstrates the variability of both the quantity and quality of the various organic priority pollutants which have entered the PVSC treatment plant. A properly conducted pilot plant study could provide invaluable data on the ultimate fate of these organic pollutants, and determine how much of these pollutants can be bio-oxidized safely. Although the scope of this contract did not include this area, it certainly would appear to be a logical next step.